Product Application



Highly purified DNA extraction from Tree Leaves for NGS Analysis

Kit: Maxwell® RSC PureFood GMO and Authentication Kit (Catalog# AS1600)
Analyses : NanoDrop、Quantus Fluorometer/QuantiFluor ONE dsDNA System
Sample Type(s): Leaves of Cedar, Japanese cypress, Black pine and Japanese larch
Input: 100mg
Protocol:

Specially prepared buffer

Incubation Buffer : 50 mM Tris, pH 8.0, 5 mM EDTA, 0.35M sorbitol, 10% (wt/vol) polyethylene glycol (Mr 6,000), 0.1% 2-mercaptoethanol

- 1. Crush 100mg of frozen leaves in tube with bead crusher
- Add 1ml of Incubation Buffer into the tube and then suspend well by vortex.
 Centrifuge the tube at 14,000g x 2 minutes. Then remove the supernatant.
- 3. Add 1ml of CTAB Buffer, 20ul of RNase and 40ul of Proteinase K to the pellet, and then suspend by vortex. Incubate the tube at 65° C x 30 minutes.
- 4. Centrifuge the tube at 14,000g x 10 minutes. Transfer 300ul of the supernatant into well#1 of Maxwell RSC cartridge.
- 5. Add 300ul of Lysis buffer into well#1.
- 6. Run Maxwell RSC with PureFood GMO and Authentication method.

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Results:

DNA concentration was measured by NanoDrop and Quantus Fluorometer/QuantiFluor

ONE dsDNA.

Elution volume: 50ul

Sample	Sample		NanoDrop	Quantus	A260/A280	A260/A230
	amount(mg)	Protocols				
Cedar1	100	Standard protocol of AS1600	368	-	1.87	1.57
Cedar2	100		321	-	1.83	1.41
J. Cypress1	100		N.A.	-		
J. Cypress2	100		N.A.	-		
Black Pine1	100		200	-	2.02	1.80
Black Pine2	100		207	-	2.01	1.87
J. Larch1	100		183	-	2.04	2.12
J. Larch2	100		171	-	2.10	2.14
Cedar1	100		302	168	1.93	2.19
Cedar2	100	Modified	299	176	1.94	2.20
J. Cypress1	100	protocol	277	148	1.95	2.11
J. Cypress2	100	with	245	146	1.94	2.15
Black Pine1	100	Incubation Buffer	204	98	1.95	2.04
Black Pine2	100		179	82	1.95	1.96
J. Larch1	100		250	154	1.93	2.13
J. Larch2	100		207	116	1.94	2.11

Conclusion :

High purity and high yield of DNAs were extracted with the modified protocol with the Incubation Buffer. These DNAs are sufficient high quality for NGS analysis. On the other hand, there were issues with the standard protocol. The low value of A260/A230 in Cedar samples suggests that contaminations are included. As the eluent of Japanese Cypress was colored, it's impossible to quantitate by NanoDrop.

The electrophoresis of extracted DNA showed a major band in the lower molecular weight region (the data is not shown here). This band is anticipated to be RNA. In order to avoid the RNA contamination, the protocol will be needed to improve further.